

Working together to be the best that we can be.

## **READING IMPLEMENTATION AND PROGRESSION**



Respect

Phonics is taught following the sequence in Letters and Sounds. Whole class teaching allows revision and application of sounds with individual and group interventions allowing additional practice.



## **VIPERS**

Children are explicitly taught the skills of reading (outlined in the National Curriculum and the KS1 and KS2 test domains) through the use of VIPERS which were created by Rob Smith (The Literacy Shed).

The Reading Vipers can be used by both KS1 and KS2 with a little adaption. The main difference being in the S.

## Sequence - KS1 Summarise - KS2

In KS1, 'Explain'; is not one of the content domains, rather it asks children why they have come to a certain conclusion, to explain their preferences, thoughts and opinions about a text. In KS2, the Explain section covers the additional content domains of 2F, 2G and 2H which are not present in KS1.

In Key Stage One children reading skills are taught and practised using the VIPERS during whole class reading sessions.

KS1 Content Domain Reference	VIPER
1a draw on knowledge of vocabulary to understand texts	Vocabulary (Choice)
1b identify/ explain key aspects of fiction and non-fiction, such as characters, events, titles and information.	Retrieve
1c identify and explain the sequences of events in texts	Sequence
1d make inferences from the text	Infer
1e predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Predict

## In Key Stage Two children reading skills are taught and practised using VIPERS during whole class reading sessions.

KS2 Content Domain Reference	VIPER
2a Give/explain the meaning of words in context	Vocabulary (Choice)
2b retrieve and record information/ identify key details from fiction and non/fiction	Retrieve
2c summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph	Summarise
2d make inferences from the text/ explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text	Infer
2e predict what might happen from details stated or implied	Predict
2f identify/explain how information/ narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole	Explain
2g identify/explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases	Explain <b>Explain</b>
2h make comparisons within a text	Explain

VIPERS can be broken down further into RIC or ERIC. Reading tasks are embedded across the whole curriculum to allow children to become more confident in applying these skills.

Though children practise all skills regularly, explicit teaching of a specific skills occurs each half term:

Autumn 1: Retrieval / Fluency / Expression / Autumn 2: Summarising and Sequencing: grasping the Gist of a piece Spring 1: Authorial Choice → Thinking like a detective and analysing language / Spring 2: Using inference to make a conclusion Summer 1&2: combining it all and intervening to improve certain areas.



Each class have a class text which is read to them every day.





- 'You shoot me <u>down</u> but l won't fall' – explain how this could link to bullying. SMSC
- What country could the film clip set in?
- Why does the writer name the song 'Titanium'?
- +. How does the boy change from the start of the clip to the end? Why do you

	Reading Progression of Skills		
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3 and Year 4
Decoding Collins BIG CAT Linked directly to Phonics phase. Oxford Reading Tree	<ul> <li>apply phonic knowledge to decode words</li> <li>speedily read all 40+ letters/groups for 40+ phonemes</li> <li>read accurately by blending taught GPC</li> <li>read common exception words</li> <li>read common suffixes (-s, -es, -ing, -ed, etc.)</li> <li>read multisyllable words containing taught GPCs</li> <li>read contractions and understanding use of apostrophe</li> <li>read aloud phonically-decodable texts</li> </ul>	*secure phonic decoding until reading is fluent *read accurately by blending, including alternative sounds for graphemes *read multisyllable words containing these graphemes *read common suffixes *read exception words, noting unusual correspondences *read most words quickly & accurately without overt sounding and blending	*apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet *read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word
For additional challenge.			
Range of Reading	<ul> <li>listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently</li> <li>being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences</li> </ul>	*listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non- fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	*listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks *reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
Familiarity with texts	*becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics *recognising and joining in with predictable phrases	*becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales *recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry	*increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally *identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books
Poetry & Performance	*learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart	*continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	*preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action *recognising some different forms of poetry
Word meanings	*discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known	*discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary *discussing their favourite words and phrases	*using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read
Understanding	*drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher *checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading	*discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related *drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher *checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading	*checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding of a text *identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these
Inference	*discussing the significance of the title and events *making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	*making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done *answering and asking questions	*drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
Prediction	*predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far		*predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
Authorial Intent			*discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination *identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning
Non-fiction		*being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways	*retrieve and record information from non-fiction
Discussing reading	*participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say *explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them	*participate in discussion about books, poems & other works that are read to them & those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say *explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves	*participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say

	Year 5 and Year 6
	*apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet
	*continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks
	*reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes *making comparisons within and across books
	*increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including
	myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and
	traditions *identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
	*learning a wider range of poetry by heart preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience
ir	* checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context *asking questions to improve their understanding
ı	*summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details to support the main ideas
	*drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
d	*predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
	*identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
	*discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader *distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
	*retrieve, record and present information from non- fiction
	*recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
	*participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously *explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read,
	including through formal presentations and debates, *provide reasoned justifications for their views

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